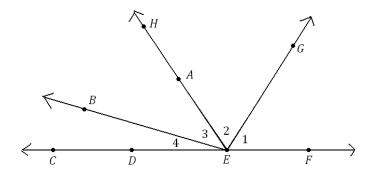
Name______ Date ______ Period ____

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For #1-4, use the diagram to fill in the blanks with the best answers.



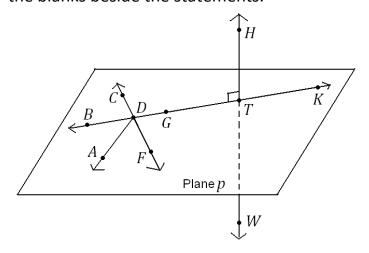
- **1.** $m \not = 3 + m \not = 4 = 4$
- **2.** CD + DE = _____
- **4.** If *E* is the midpoint of \overline{DF} , then $\underline{} \cong \underline{}$.

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use the following diagram for #5-7.

_		
•	•	•
Δ	R	C
П	D	· ·

- **5.** If AB = 16 and BC = 27, what is AC?
- AC =
- **6.** If AB = 9 and AC = 24, what is BC?
- BC =
- **7.** If AB = 2x + 7, BC = 3x + 11, and AC = 6x + 9, what is x?

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For #8-16, use the diagram and given information to determine whether the following statements are **TRUE** or **FALSE**. Write the **entire** word in the blanks beside the statements.



GIVEN: T is the midpoint of \overline{GK} . \overrightarrow{DA} bisects $\angle BDF$. $\angle HTG$ is a right angle.

- **8.** _____ \overrightarrow{TG} is the opposite ray of \overrightarrow{TK} .
- **9.** _____ \overrightarrow{TG} is the opposite ray of \overrightarrow{GT} .
- **10.** A, F, and T are coplanar.
- **11.** C, D, and F are collinear.
- **12.** $m \not = GTH = 90$
- **13.** GT = KT.
- **14.** \overrightarrow{BK} bisects plane p.
- **15.** $__$ $\angle GTH \cong \angle KTH$
- **16.** $m \not= GDF + m \not= BDF = 180$.

DIRECTIONS: For #17-20, use the line below to find the lengths of the segments.

GIVEN: I is the midpoint of \overline{VS} . EL = 2 , SL = 22 , EI = 19

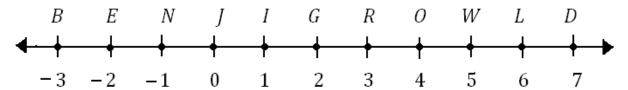


17.
$$LV =$$

18.
$$VI =$$

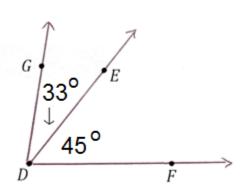
20.
$$ES =$$

DIRECTIONS: Use the line below to answer #21-24.

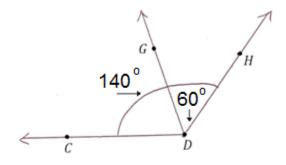


- **21.** +3 is the coordinate of which point?
- **22.** What is the coordinate of *E*?
- **23.** Name the **midpoint** of \overline{EO} .
- **24.** Name the point on \overrightarrow{BN} with a distance of 4 from R.

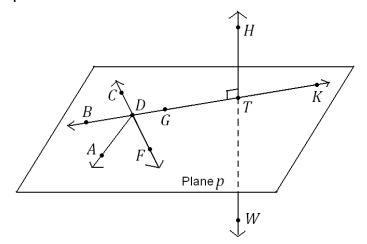
<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use the diagrams accompanying #25-26 to find the angle measures.



25.
$$m \not= GDF =$$



DIRECTIONS: For #27-30, use the diagram and given information to answer the questions. SHOW YOUR WORK on #27-29!!!



GIVEN: T is the midpoint of \overline{GK} . \overrightarrow{DA} bisects $\angle BDF$. ∡HTG is a right angle.

27. If GT = 3x + 8 and TK = 5x - 4, what is x?

GT?

 $GT = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

TK?

TK =

28. If GT = x + 7 and GK = 3x - 4, what is x?

GT?

GK?

 $GT = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ GK =

29. If $m \not ADF = 5x + 5$ and $m \not ADB = 4x + 16$,

what is x ?

x =_____

 $m \not ADF$? $m \not ADF =$

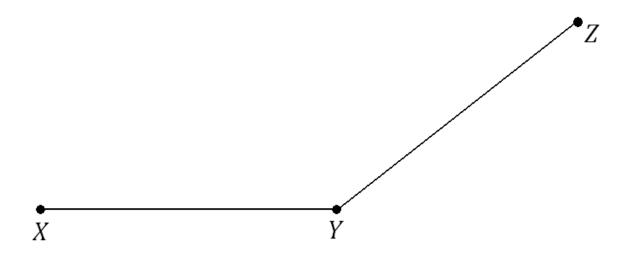
30. If $\angle FDG$ is a right angle, what is $m \angle ADF$? $m \angle ADF =$

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use a compass and a straightedge to accomplish the constructions in #31-32.

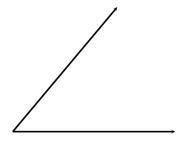
31. Bisect the following segment. Label the midpoint as the point M. SHOW ALL WORK.



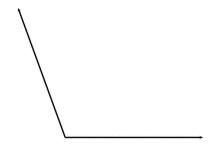
32. Bisect the following angle. Label the ray as \overrightarrow{YM} . SHOW ALL WORK.



<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use a protractor for #33-34. Measure to the nearest degree and write the answers in the provided blanks.



33. _____



34. _____

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: Use a protractor to create angles with the measures provided in #35-36.

35. 35° angle

36. 120° angle